# Make Way for the Future of Sanitation May 9, 2024 Discovery Center

\*transcript is auto-generated. Please excuse grammatical errors and mispellings\*

00:14:06.000 --> 00:14:21.000 >> Welcome.

00:14:21.000 --> 00:14:26.000 >> Welcome, everyone.

00:14:26.000 --> 00:14:30.000 We're going to ask people to take a seat and fill up the front and second row, if you can.

00:14:30.000 --> 00:15:00.000 We're going to get started here in a minute.

00:15:02.000 --> 00:15:05.000 Hi, everyone.

00:15:05.000 --> 00:15:06.000 Good to see everybody here.

00:15:06.000 --> 00:15:22.000 Welcome.

00:15:22.000 --> 00:15:26.000 I'm Sarah Bloom, I'm the curator of the exhibitions here at the Discovery Center, and I had the amazing experience of working on the current exhibition a better way to go toilets and the future of sanitation.

00:15:26.000 --> 00:15:28.000 Thank you all for joining us on such a gorgeous afternoon.

00:15:28.000 --> 00:15:32.000 Thank you for being here.

00:15:32.000 --> 00:15:36.000 And good morning, good evening to everyone who is joining us virtually.

00:15:36.000 --> 00:15:39.000 We have a lot of folks here virtually as well.

00:15:39.000 --> 00:15:59.000

I want to start with a land acknowledgment.

00:15:59.000 --> 00:16:03.000

The Discovery Center sits on the traditional unceded territories of the Duwamis we honor and recognize this land continues to be their home and it's only meaningful with informed actions and authentic relationships.

00:16:03.000 --> 00:16:13.000 A big thank you, I hope you all had the chance to go to the partner tables.

00:16:13.000 --> 00:16:18.000 A big thank you to all the partners here tonight, global Washington, King County waste Water Treatment Division.

00:16:18.000 --> 00:16:22.000 Half, splash, the global alliance, water first and water environment Federation.

00:16:22.000 --> 00:16:35.000 If you haven't had a chance to stop by their table before the event, please do so after the talk.

00:16:35.000 --> 00:16:42.000 I also want to thank our ASL interpreters, Megan and Taylor, and I also want to thank our amazing AV team in the back, Calum, Adam and Christopher.

00:16:42.000 --> 00:17:08.000 Tonight's program, as I mentioned, is inspired by the current exhibition a better way to go toilets in the future of Sanitation.

00:17:08.000 --> 00:17:14.000 So in this exhibit, we really try to take the visitor on a journey of what it means to have resilient, reliant culturally sustainable Sanitation systems for everyone everywhere the half the world needs a toilet and the other half needs a better one.

00:17:14.000 --> 00:17:21.000 Safe and clean Sanitation is improved education, access to health and safety and dignity for all.

00:17:21.000 --> 00:17:26.000 So as you go through the show, you'll see a lot of amazing technologies and innovations.

00:17:26.000 --> 00:17:48.000 We really try to highlight compelling stories of communities and individuals.

# 00:17:48.000 --> 00:18:10.000

We have even have some art installations in this exhibition and then some digital interactives that really showcase, really, the breadth and the depth of the work that the foundation alongside with its partners and grantees in both local and global communities have been doing all along.

## 00:18:10.000 --> 00:18:26.000

So I want to say I'm super proud of this collaboration between the Discovery Center and the Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene team as well as many of our grantees and partners to create this exhibition for our visitors, and I'm super excited that we're going to get to hear from one of our key partners, Doulaye Kone tonight, I can't wait to have him up here.

### 00:18:26.000 --> 00:18:56.000

Our speakers tonight, Doulaye and Rachel, will be discussing the global issues around sanitations and then how these challenges are really interconnected with so many ripple effects on education, on climate, and on disease.

## 00:18:59.000 --> 00:19:01.000

So before I bring up our incredible speakers, I do want to share a short video with you all that really demonstrates how the foundation supports partners and people so they can really try to achieve their full potential, and this particular video that we're about to show you really showcases at the center of it how the toilet is really kind of a game-changer in terms of really connecting Sanitation to education in a South African in particular school.

00:19:01.000 --> 00:19:31.000 We'll showcase the video.

# 00:22:43.000 --> 00:22:44.000

I get a lot of joy watching this video, and we actually showcased both Birolu, and go with the freeze frame when they show the pieces of it that's what's in the exhibit.

00:22:44.000 --> 00:23:01.000 It's super exciting.

### 00:23:01.000 --> 00:23:08.000

I want to welcome our amazing speakers, Doulaye Kone, interim director, Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene, and Rachel Cardone, director of program investments at the Resilient Water Accelerator.

00:23:08.000 --> 00:23:26.000 So Doulaye leads the efforts for safe sanitation for 3.5 billion who currently live without it.

00:23:26.000 --> 00:23:38.000

He and his teamwork to disrupt the decades long status quo in the sanitation sector by supporting the development and commercialization of the transformative technologies, including the reinvented toilet and create a clear, cost-effective pathway to deliver these technologies at scale to people around the globe.

#### 00:23:38.000 --> 00:23:47.000

And Doulaye has more than 20 years of experience in the sanitation sector and spent 13 years leading technology innovation efforts on the Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene team.

00:23:47.000 --> 00:23:59.000

Rachel leads programs and initiatives to bridge climate finance with water-related resiliency investments in low and middle income countries.

00:23:59.000 --> 00:24:09.000

Prior to this she was deputy director of Stanford's water health development where she focused on strategy design program operations and partnership development.

00:24:09.000 --> 00:24:18.000 She also is a foundation alumni and she's done quite a bit of work earlier in her career.

00:24:18.000 --> 00:24:27.000 Rachel was a driving force in the creation of the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene program.

00:24:27.000 --> 00:24:29.000 With all that, welcome Doulaye and Rachel.

00:24:29.000 --> 00:24:31.000 >> Rachel: Hello, hello.

00:24:31.000 --> 00:24:35.000 Thank you so much for coming.

00:24:35.000 --> 00:24:39.000 So I was asked to describe myself.

00:24:39.000 --> 00:24:41.000 So, hi, for accessibility reasons.

00:24:41.000 --> 00:24:46.000 I'm wearing a blue jacket.

00:24:46.000 --> 00:24:48.000 I have long brown hair and I'm wearing gold earrings. 00:24:48.000 --> 00:24:55.000 I'm Rachel Cardone.

00:24:55.000 --> 00:24:58.000 >> Doulaye: Hello, I forgot my hair at home.

00:24:58.000 --> 00:24:59.000 I don't have long hair.

00:24:59.000 --> 00:25:05.000 Wearing blue.

00:25:05.000 --> 00:25:10.000 >> Rachel: I also wonder, is there a second microphone, just I know we had tested two microphones.

00:25:10.000 --> 00:25:11.000 So thank you, everyone, for just your patience.

00:25:11.000 --> 00:25:21.000 Okay.

00:25:21.000 --> 00:25:31.000 I have watched this video multiple times, and I still well up in tears it's such a joyful video.

00:25:31.000 --> 00:25:35.000 Before we dig into the program sanitation and also water sit for a minute and think how that made you feel and if it changed your thinking about the role of sanitation in your life.

00:25:35.000 --> 00:25:41.000 And so just, I want you to think about that as we get started.

00:25:41.000 --> 00:25:53.000 In part because I also want to ask Doulaye about this video.

00:25:53.000 --> 00:26:04.000

I mean, for me, when we started the sanitation program, we were very much focused on sanitation, and here it's showing all of the effects of sanitation, which touches on so many of the other programs that the foundation also supports.

00:26:04.000 --> 00:26:05.000

So I'm just wondering if you could also speak to how this video resonates and sits with you not just in terms of the technology but also the benefits that it provides.

00:26:05.000 --> 00:26:10.000 >> Doulaye: Thank you.

00:26:10.000 --> 00:26:13.000 And thank you, Sara, I don't know where she is.

00:26:13.000 --> 00:26:21.000 For the nice introduction.

00:26:21.000 --> 00:26:25.000 I think one more point she needed to add on your CV is all the workforce, because you brought me.

00:26:25.000 --> 00:26:27.000 So that needs to be on your CV as well and many other people who are working here.

00:26:27.000 --> 00:26:31.000 And I have a few more colleagues in the room.

00:26:31.000 --> 00:26:39.000 So if you can turn around and see those people, raise your hand.

00:26:39.000 --> 00:26:40.000 In case you have questions later, these are the people you need also to talk to.

00:26:40.000 --> 00:26:43.000 Good.

00:26:43.000 --> 00:26:46.000 For the team which made this video, I really want to congratulate them.

00:26:46.000 --> 00:27:08.000 I love the video.

00:27:08.000 --> 00:27:12.000

And I love Umphile on the video and she's conveying something that my own daughter would tell me, school toilet and public toilet, every time we go out what it looks like when we go hiking, and I know some of the toilets, no, no, I don't want to go here.

00:27:12.000 --> 00:27:26.000 And bringing clean toilets in schools, it has a huge impact.

00:27:26.000 --> 00:27:27.000

Yes, we work on technology, but at the end of the day, to see that this can actually transform lives, the way people live, the impact it can have in a community, it's very inspiring.

00:27:27.000 --> 00:27:38.000 Very, very inspiring.

00:27:38.000 --> 00:27:45.000 So we can think of it as this is one solution, but I think it's way more than what we describe as a toilet to this.

00:27:45.000 --> 00:27:48.000 Very inspiring to me and thank you for everyone who built that great story.

00:27:48.000 --> 00:27:53.000 >> Rachel: It's a tremendous piece of communication, too.

00:27:53.000 --> 00:27:55.000 Oftentimes in the sanitation space, it's very dry because people don't like talking about sanitation.

00:27:55.000 --> 00:27:57.000 It's often this very invisible thing.

00:27:57.000 --> 00:28:01.000 We're so lucky we get to flush a toilet.

00:28:01.000 --> 00:28:05.000 We get to flush and it disappears and we don't have to think about it.

00:28:05.000 --> 00:28:10.000 A shout-out to King County Waste Water is here.

00:28:10.000 --> 00:28:39.000 Lots of great partners here doing incredible things to your poop.

### 00:28:39.000 --> 00:28:45.000

Which brings me to one of the first conversations I had with Doulaye, I don't remember if it was when we brought you over for a meeting with intellectual ventures, a million years ago, and/or if it was when you were first here, but we were talking about Seattle, basically, and you had come in from the airport and you looked at me and you said, you know, Rachel, there's open defecation here too.

00:28:45.000 --> 00:28:48.000

Open defecation was a whole campaign to end open defecation, which happens when people don't have access to a toilet.

00:28:48.000 --> 00:28:55.000 That's one of the first things you observed about Seattle.

00:28:55.000 --> 00:29:13.000 And so I know before you came here, you had decades of experience also and many sanitation stories.

00:29:13.000 --> 00:29:15.000

But as we weave this thread between the work that the foundation does and also our work here as citizens of Seattle, right, or living in Washington State, just wondering if there's a story that resonates with you or that you want to share on your sanitation journey of these connections.

00:29:15.000 --> 00:29:17.000 Sorry, this is a really complicated question.

00:29:17.000 --> 00:29:18.000 It was easier in my head.

00:29:18.000 --> 00:29:21.000 I'm sorry.

00:29:21.000 --> 00:29:32.000 >> Doulaye: Thank you.

00:29:32.000 --> 00:29:34.000 Yes, I came here, it was 2011, and I was living downtown, downtown Seattle and walking to the foundation office.

00:29:34.000 --> 00:29:38.000 It was not this building.

00:29:38.000 --> 00:29:44.000 It was another one closer to Lake Union.

00:29:44.000 --> 00:29:45.000 And then we moved to this one, and I took a different path.

00:29:45.000 --> 00:29:53.000 And you were right. 00:29:53.000 --> 00:30:10.000

So I was surprised to see in some part of the city human feces.

00:30:10.000 --> 00:30:13.000

And for me coming from, was coming straight from Codavar, other places in Europe, but was coming from there, but to see such a modern city with this type of challenge was very unsettling.

00:30:13.000 --> 00:30:17.000 And a lot of things has changed since then.

00:30:17.000 --> 00:30:23.000 I'll go through the same places, things are very, very clean since then.

00:30:23.000 --> 00:30:46.000 The city has been rebuilt and many places have been rebuilt.

00:30:46.000 --> 00:30:54.000

And if I reflect back on some of the experience you want me to share, I want to go back to the video, because one of the reasons I really changed and tried to work in this field is because my whole life I've been confronted to sanitation system.

00:30:54.000 --> 00:30:57.000 I use every type of system to open defecation when you don't have a toilet, I grew up in communities where you didn't have a toilet.

00:30:57.000 --> 00:31:09.000 So have you to use what is available in nature.

00:31:09.000 --> 00:31:22.000 And unfortunately this is happening still today and we have billions of people in the world today without safe sanitation systems.

00:31:22.000 --> 00:31:30.000 And when I see a person in the U.S., and this is more than half the sense of the global population that don't have a safe sanitation system.

00:31:30.000 --> 00:31:33.000 When I was 12 years old, I went to middle school.

00:31:33.000 --> 00:31:37.000 I upgraded in status in sanitation system.

00:31:37.000 --> 00:31:48.000

This is the first time I was facing a flush toilet.

00:31:48.000 --> 00:31:49.000 And I remember my first time standing there asking myself whether I should really poop in this drinkable water.

00:31:49.000 --> 00:31:55.000 Super clean.

00:31:55.000 --> 00:31:58.000 Never seen this before.

00:31:58.000 --> 00:31:59.000 So it was very difficult.

00:31:59.000 --> 00:32:12.000 Very challenging.

00:32:12.000 --> 00:32:20.000 My kids are born here and they're used to this and they can't think of a different solution, but if I bring them to a latrine, it would be a struggle.

00:32:20.000 --> 00:32:32.000 So for me it was very challenging to really think how you can mix poop and water, drinkable water.

00:32:32.000 --> 00:32:40.000 So to take the path forward, I learned later all this is creating disease and people die and I changed my career because of that.

00:32:40.000 --> 00:32:42.000 And how can sanitary engineering help remove this barrier.

00:32:42.000 --> 00:32:56.000 That's what drove me into this area.

00:32:56.000 --> 00:33:01.000 The reason I like the video is because not only doesn't suppress what makes a toilet cool to use, it removes the path gen.

00:33:01.000 --> 00:33:05.000 Gives you water and doesn't create any crud, and it gets kids inspired.

00:33:05.000 --> 00:33:11.000

So you can turn things around with great technology.

00:33:11.000 --> 00:33:31.000 People don't maybe know what the technology is doing, but it's like this service to them.

## 00:33:31.000 --> 00:33:41.000

If I go around in Seattle, thanks to King County, you mentioned, it feels like when we're using systems today, that's exactly the same thing we are having, but what we are not seeing here is all the challenges in the back.

## 00:33:41.000 --> 00:33:45.000

And here we think we have a toilet which is in our room and we don't think of the extension of the toilet.

00:33:45.000 --> 00:33:58.000 The huge infrastructure that goes out.

# 00:33:58.000 --> 00:34:06.000

And every day you use a bathroom, when I use a bathroom I have to think about those people who are working down there to clean whatever we put in their system.

00:34:06.000 --> 00:34:07.000 So I won't go too far, but these are some of the things I want to share on this question.

00:34:07.000 --> 00:34:12.000 Thank you.

00:34:12.000 --> 00:34:25.000 >> Rachel: Yeah, no, of course, I would love to turn it over to the Mentimeter if it's possible.

00:34:25.000 --> 00:34:49.000 So we have a Mentimeter poll just for audience participation, too, which is, it will be open throughout this event, at least our part of it.

# 00:34:49.000 --> 00:34:54.000

We'd love to get your thoughts and your ideas, particularly also for our virtual audience, please participate and share so we can also collect some of your reflections and insights in how we can also create a better sanitation future for everyone, whether we're using flush toilets or not flush toilets, or maybe flush toilets that are a different idea of what a flush toilet could be.

00:34:54.000 --> 00:34:56.000 There's a couple of examples when you go check out the exhibit. 00:34:56.000 --> 00:34:59.000 So I'm kind of curious.

00:34:59.000 --> 00:35:01.000 I want to turn attention here.

00:35:01.000 --> 00:35:18.000 >> Doulaye: I want to ask a question.

00:35:18.000 --> 00:35:26.000 I shared my story but I think it would be cool to hear maybe some, your story as well because you've been in this field, I think, as long as I've been as well.

00:35:26.000 --> 00:35:31.000 And traveled to many places and you live here in the U.S. Can you share with the audience what your experience has been so far.

00:35:31.000 --> 00:35:34.000 >> Rachel: So, sanitation is one of these things -- okay --

00:35:34.000 --> 00:35:46.000 this is a little bit of a segmented story.

00:35:46.000 --> 00:35:48.000

When I left the foundation, my mother, bless you mom, wherever -- don't be listening to this -- but my mother was like thank God, can you go back to working on water again?

00:35:48.000 --> 00:35:49.000 And I was like, heck no.

00:35:49.000 --> 00:35:52.000 Come on.

00:35:52.000 --> 00:35:54.000 Actually, sanitation is the cool part.

00:35:54.000 --> 00:35:57.000 She said I'm just so tired of hearing about it.

00:35:57.000 --> 00:36:03.000 She's very enthusiastic and great and is very supportive of my career.

00:36:03.000 --> 00:36:11.000 However, the thing is that water and sanitation -- I entered wanting to work on water issues. 00:36:11.000 --> 00:36:14.000 However, I entered working on water issues because of my experiences -- I was a backpacker for two years after college.

00:36:14.000 --> 00:36:18.000 And I didn't know what I wanted to do when I grew up.

00:36:18.000 --> 00:36:23.000 So I took the LSAT thinking I would be a lawyer.

00:36:23.000 --> 00:36:26.000 And then I -- but I didn't want to invest and be more in debt.

00:36:26.000 --> 00:36:29.000 I paid for college so I had a lot of student loans.

00:36:29.000 --> 00:36:34.000 I said, before I make this decision to go into more debt --

00:36:34.000 --> 00:36:36.000 because I'm American -- I want to know that I actually want to be a lawyer.

00:36:36.000 --> 00:36:47.000 Let me go travel around the world.

00:36:47.000 --> 00:36:50.000 I spent two years traveling through southern Europe, the Middle East and eastern and southern Africa as an independent backpacker.

00:36:50.000 --> 00:36:52.000 What I noticed through that trip is everything went back to water and sanitation.

00:36:52.000 --> 00:36:55.000 If I was interested in gender issues.

00:36:55.000 --> 00:36:56.000 If I was interested in -- there was like a flavor of the month.

00:36:56.000 --> 00:36:57.000 Economic development.

00:36:57.000 --> 00:37:01.000 Interested in politics.

00:37:01.000 --> 00:37:09.000 The underlying current was water or sanitation.

## 00:37:09.000 --> 00:37:14.000

And I got sick, and I had malaria and so I sort of woke up one day and I said I think this is what I'm seeing, this is what I need to work on.

## 00:37:15.000 --> 00:37:17.000

And my career then became around water because everybody was working on water and nobody was working on sanitation.

00:37:17.000 --> 00:37:26.000 And nobody really wanted to work on sanitation.

## 00:37:26.000 --> 00:37:42.000

So you would have a water and sanitation program, whether with a nonprofit or a donor or whatever, governments, but really there was nothing around sanitation.

## 00:37:42.000 --> 00:37:58.000

So when I came here to work at the Gates Foundation, it was very exciting because we originally started as a learning initiative to try and explore different ways of meeting the foundation's mission and making a difference in the world.

# 00:37:58.000 --> 00:37:59.000

And when we came at the idea of, wait a second, nobody is paying attention to sanitation, this is a huge opportunity for the Gates Foundation's mission and it aligns with the Bill and Melinda's interest what not.

00:37:59.000 --> 00:38:00.000 Hey let's do this.

00:38:00.000 --> 00:38:06.000 That became very exciting.

00:38:06.000 --> 00:38:14.000 When I look back -- I left the foundation in 2012, and just little things excite me.

00:38:14.000 --> 00:38:17.000

Like when the new foundation campus, when this campus was built and the purple pipe came in using recycled water, that's so exciting.

00:38:17.000 --> 00:38:26.000 It's a little thing, but it means so much. 00:38:26.000 --> 00:38:27.000

It's indicative of this transformation that we desperately need to get the world away from water borne sewage.

00:38:27.000 --> 00:38:33.000 That's my journey.

00:38:33.000 --> 00:38:34.000 It's a long-winded one but it's been old.

00:38:34.000 --> 00:38:35.000 >> Doulaye: You're still young.

00:38:35.000 --> 00:38:36.000 >> Rachel: Still young.

00:38:36.000 --> 00:38:40.000 Still young at heart.

00:38:40.000 --> 00:38:52.000 But so could we shift and let's talk about this exhibit.

00:38:52.000 --> 00:38:53.000

So I hope that all of you have either had the time to go look or that you will take the time tonight and that you will tell your friends and that you will come back, because I can tell you with -- I'll just tell you.

00:38:53.000 --> 00:39:05.000 This is an incredible exhibit.

00:39:05.000 --> 00:39:10.000

And I hope that if you don't see how incredible this exhibit is and the opportunities it brings, come back until you have that an moment, because it will come when you read all these things and you participate.

00:39:10.000 --> 00:39:12.000 And so I know that we're not supposed to pick our favorite children or our favorite technology.

00:39:12.000 --> 00:39:15.000 So I'm not going to ask you that.

00:39:15.000 --> 00:39:17.000

But I wanted to ask Doulaye, what excites you?

00:39:17.000 --> 00:39:23.000 Because you've been part of this process.

00:39:23.000 --> 00:39:27.000 And Sara, incredible job and Discovery Center, you guys did such an incredible job communicating this story.

00:39:27.000 --> 00:39:30.000 So I'm just curious, what excites you about this?

00:39:30.000 --> 00:39:40.000 >> Doulaye: Thank you.

00:39:40.000 --> 00:39:42.000 I didn't visit the exhibit until the opening day, and I know the team was working on this like super hard.

00:39:42.000 --> 00:39:47.000 It was a collaboration.

00:39:47.000 --> 00:39:53.000 So all I did was what I could review in the office.

00:39:53.000 --> 00:39:57.000 I didn't came to look here at the rendering.

00:39:57.000 --> 00:39:59.000 First was the opening February 28th.

00:39:59.000 --> 00:40:10.000 I was taken away.

00:40:10.000 --> 00:40:13.000 The reason is a lot of times when you're in conversation on sanitation or water and sanitation, you speak about only one topic.

00:40:13.000 --> 00:40:34.000 And this tells the whole story.

00:40:34.000 --> 00:40:41.000

It's like the full story of where does it start, how does it start, how it happened, what type of challenges, what solutions others are putting forward, what is working, what is not working, and what tomorrow looks like.

00:40:41.000 --> 00:40:42.000 And what is coming and how you can go through it.

00:40:42.000 --> 00:40:43.000 It's all in a small space.

00:40:43.000 --> 00:40:50.000 It's so inspiring for me.

00:40:50.000 --> 00:40:54.000 That story, that's my inspiration.

00:40:54.000 --> 00:40:56.000 >> Rachel: We're maybe proselytizers for this exhibit.

00:40:56.000 --> 00:40:57.000 I love your energy around this.

00:40:57.000 --> 00:41:04.000 I had the same experience.

00:41:04.000 --> 00:41:12.000 A lot of times I saw this toilet technology was in 2012 with the reinvent the toilet fair.

00:41:12.000 --> 00:41:23.000 And some of the technologies were the size of semi truck containers and now it's the size of a toilet, it's amazing.

00:41:23.000 --> 00:41:25.000 And it may seem like a long time that oh wow 10 years and we're still moving forward toward this future and creating it, but tremendous work has been done.

00:41:25.000 --> 00:41:27.000 And so I think that's exciting.

00:41:27.000 --> 00:41:31.000 So I want you to think as well.

00:41:31.000 --> 00:41:45.000 And you have pens and you have pencils and cards.

### 00:41:45.000 --> 00:41:54.000

As we move through this next phase of the questions, which will maybe get a little more technical, write down your questions, or observations, or thoughts, because we'll be collecting those and reading them and the foundation will take those as well.

00:41:54.000 --> 00:42:10.000 We will have a Q&A period but also please mention that there are index cards and pencils for you.

### 00:42:10.000 --> 00:42:16.000

So all of this stuff, all of this technology stems from some meetings that happened like 10 years ago around this reinvent the toilet challenge, and there were lots of meetings to discuss design parameters.

00:42:16.000 --> 00:42:17.000 So in this ideation space of, hey, we're going to work on sanitation, what is the vision?

00:42:17.000 --> 00:42:23.000 What's the dream?

### 00:42:23.000 --> 00:42:32.000

And so there were these TPPs or design parameters for those, but I don't remember what those are.

### 00:42:32.000 --> 00:42:53.000

So I'm just wondering, could you refresh my memory of what was the sort of anchor on which a lot of this technology then aspires for.

### 00:42:53.000 --> 00:42:55.000

>> I'll go back to one of the meetings you mentioned in Bellevue, when I came here in 2009, first time was invited for a science meeting with Bill and other engineers and scientists in that room and was the first time.

00:42:55.000 --> 00:43:00.000 Before that I was in academia.

00:43:00.000 --> 00:43:02.000 I was teaching in Europe and doing research.

00:43:02.000 --> 00:43:16.000 And I'm sitting in this meeting.

00:43:16.000 --> 00:43:30.000

It was the first time I find a group of scientists asking questions I couldn't answer myself.

00:43:30.000 --> 00:43:32.000 It was why sanitation systems still release pathogens and it's leading to disease in communities and how could that be the result.

00:43:32.000 --> 00:43:35.000 There's a lot of technology.

00:43:35.000 --> 00:43:45.000 A lot of things that are working, but how can we supplement it?

00:43:45.000 --> 00:43:49.000 What would be like the next generation of technology to complement the limitation of the existing system.

00:43:49.000 --> 00:43:55.000 I left that meeting so inspired.

00:43:55.000 --> 00:43:57.000 And the team went through a strategy program and then put these ideas together.

00:43:57.000 --> 00:43:59.000 Okay, they're going to do everything on sanitation.

00:43:59.000 --> 00:44:10.000 That's when I joined.

00:44:10.000 --> 00:44:19.000 That's when we found you on the team and others, and the thing we focused on is we didn't know whether it would work.

00:44:19.000 --> 00:44:23.000 Really, to see a video like I saw today that was displayed back then in 2010, 2011.

00:44:23.000 --> 00:44:49.000 This was like a long shot dream, like a big bet.

00:44:49.000 --> 00:44:55.000

If you can design a toilet that can run without water pipe coming in, without a sewer system going out, that can be aspirational to people, which means if everyone wants a flush toilet how can you design a toilet that can be self-contained and operate with a flush toilet, and how do you make that cheaper?

00:44:55.000 --> 00:45:04.000 So we had all this criteria, make it cheaper means it's five cents per user per day.

00:45:04.000 --> 00:45:07.000 Today it would be seven cents with inflation, and it has to run without electricity.

00:45:07.000 --> 00:45:19.000 We realized that's going to make it more expensive.

00:45:19.000 --> 00:45:21.000 We had to budget for a little bit of electricity to run the system, but the system should actually be able to generate water for the user and should not be drinking water like people.

00:45:21.000 --> 00:45:26.000 Your toilet, drink more water than you.

00:45:26.000 --> 00:45:30.000 So your toilet at home, 30 percent of your water bill.

00:45:30.000 --> 00:45:47.000 Every single flush is more than what we drink every day.

00:45:47.000 --> 00:45:53.000 And we save that water and can we build the system that is self-contained for the family, for community and these are the design specs and we started with system.

00:45:53.000 --> 00:46:03.000 We sometimes look it won't work at the city level to the system that works at the school.

00:46:03.000 --> 00:46:10.000 If you go to the exhibit, what we were saying earlier, you will see prototype of the next generation of sanitation system.

00:46:10.000 --> 00:46:22.000 Next generation of self-contained toilet, that can go in people's homes, sitting here in the exhibit.

00:46:22.000 --> 00:46:24.000 >> Rachel: I also really appreciate the plants and the idea that there's also this regenerative opportunity to just the oxygen I was working from that room this afternoon.

00:46:24.000 --> 00:46:43.000 It's delightful. 00:46:43.000 --> 00:46:47.000

>> Doulaye: Yeah, when you start the exhibitions here, it starts with the first section you have a different name of poop in languages, and then it moves into the biology of going.

00:46:47.000 --> 00:46:48.000 I love that section.

00:46:48.000 --> 00:46:51.000 Okay.

00:46:51.000 --> 00:46:59.000 We are the first machine in the sanitation system.

00:46:59.000 --> 00:47:00.000 Think of it, everything you're eating.

00:47:00.000 --> 00:47:02.000 [LAUGHTER]

00:47:02.000 --> 00:47:07.000 >> Rachel: More fiber.

00:47:07.000 --> 00:47:09.000 More fiber ¶

00:47:09.000 --> 00:47:10.000 >> I need to be focused.

00:47:10.000 --> 00:47:11.000 >> Rachel: Just filling time here.

00:47:11.000 --> 00:47:12.000 But it's true.

00:47:12.000 --> 00:47:29.000 It's true.

00:47:29.000 --> 00:47:33.000 >> Doulaye: We are the first machine in this process what we eat, the body turned this into material that has energy, that has nutrient, that has valuable resources.

00:47:33.000 --> 00:47:47.000 The problem is it comes with a lot of pathogens. 00:47:47.000 --> 00:47:49.000

If you visit the exhibit, you will see, we're making vaccine for typhoid and for the virus, polio and cholera.

00:47:49.000 --> 00:47:59.000 These are diseases made with human feces.

00:47:59.000 --> 00:48:14.000 If you want to use it for fertilizer, it's not good and gets people sick and a lot of people die for that.

00:48:14.000 --> 00:48:16.000 But those machines can take exactly the same resources, excrete, human feces, turn that into reusable resource.

00:48:16.000 --> 00:48:23.000 Urine is water.

00:48:23.000 --> 00:48:30.000 You can recover water and you can save it for fertilizer.

00:48:30.000 --> 00:48:32.000 The solid, there's many ways you can turn the solid into resources that can go back to nature.

00:48:32.000 --> 00:48:34.000 You can turn this into bio gas.

00:48:34.000 --> 00:48:50.000 You can turn it into ash.

00:48:50.000 --> 00:48:57.000

You can turn it into biosolid and that's the end of the exhibit where there's a showcase of how you can make the end of the treatment chain safe enough to actually design beautiful landscape.

00:48:57.000 --> 00:49:08.000 It's amazing what the companies are doing with this project.

00:49:08.000 --> 00:49:10.000

>> Rachel: There's this piece of it, I think what you were saying just reminded for me why I am I feel like a little bit of a walking advertisement for this exhibit.

00:49:10.000 --> 00:49:16.000

But really truly.

00:49:16.000 --> 00:49:19.000 Sanitation is really hard because you're coming at this from a human health perspective.

00:49:19.000 --> 00:49:23.000 We don't want cholera, and it's not that hard.

00:49:23.000 --> 00:49:43.000 I mean, once cholera is in your community, it spreads like wildfire.

# 00:49:43.000 --> 00:50:04.000

So the fact that we are able to be so safe in Seattle and places like Seattle that have solid sanitation systems, like, it's like the outbreaks of disease, we don't want them but because we don't have them, we don't always really appreciate the benefit of what we have, if that makes sense.

## 00:50:04.000 --> 00:50:13.000

So that's why this is so cool the idea you can have a closed-loop toilet that's small or a package treatment plant, sorry, Andy, pointing at, the treatment that has that size that you could move into a densely populated community and your outflows is just really cleanish water that's clean enough that it's not going to transmit disease.

### 00:50:13.000 --> 00:50:31.000

That's the real nut of this that's just really hard and that you're cracking, which is just again very thrilling.

# 00:50:31.000 --> 00:50:41.000

But what are the -- one of the things before having the session I chatted with the folks from the Discovery Center who are the ones leading the tours, who are chatting with people every day, with school tours, with general public, and the number one question they get asked is: Cool stuff, when can I have it in my house?

00:50:41.000 --> 00:50:43.000

And so I know with those design parameters, we were talking earlier about how several of them have actually been met in terms of the feeling of a flush.

00:50:43.000 --> 00:50:54.000

But there's some that you're still working on.

# 00:50:54.000 --> 00:50:56.000

And I'm just wondering if you could talk to that what are those barriers that you're focused on now so that we can have these toilets in our houses?

00:50:56.000 --> 00:51:21.000 >> Doulaye: Thank you.

00:51:21.000 --> 00:51:23.000

Before I say when this would be available, I think it's worth really mentioning great efforts happening in the U.S. There's a tremendous growing force of industry, public utilities, several government agencies driving an agenda for on-site water use.

00:51:23.000 --> 00:51:26.000 It's amazing.

00:51:26.000 --> 00:51:28.000 The reason this is happening, climate change is not more --

00:51:28.000 --> 00:51:32.000 this is not new to anyone now.

00:51:32.000 --> 00:51:38.000 We all know water is not available, the resource is not available everywhere.

00:51:38.000 --> 00:51:59.000 It's very expensive to get secured water.

#### 00:51:59.000 --> 00:52:05.000

So utilities are thinking if water is coming to people whom has drinking water and is going to service all these facilities in people's homes, how can you tap that on site reuse it for other purposes so that you can recycle as much as you can.

00:52:05.000 --> 00:52:15.000 That's a very growing program and opportunity into the U.S.

00:52:15.000 --> 00:52:20.000 The system you're going to see here exhibited are very complimentary to those being deployed.

00:52:20.000 --> 00:52:23.000 The innovative solution going into the market with this technology going to complement as well.

00:52:23.000 --> 00:52:26.000 Have applications in the U.S.

00:52:26.000 --> 00:52:30.000 and most of the other countries.

00:52:30.000 --> 00:52:32.000 Bringing technology to market, this is every industry.

00:52:32.000 --> 00:52:47.000 Nothing to do with sanitation.

00:52:47.000 --> 00:52:49.000

Your first model is always very expensive, and you need to find customers and markets which are willing to do that, which are willing to take that, communities who are not afraid of new technology and can take that.

00:52:49.000 --> 00:52:51.000 So that's where we're going to go to go first.

00:52:51.000 --> 00:52:59.000 You saw the system in South Africa.

00:52:59.000 --> 00:53:06.000 It has to be tested somewhere first because it can be actually localized for South Africa.

00:53:06.000 --> 00:53:11.000 People can -- some of the challenges is bringing costs down significantly.

00:53:11.000 --> 00:53:13.000 If we can do that we'll see a large market.

00:53:13.000 --> 00:53:16.000 In two to three years that's our projection.

00:53:16.000 --> 00:53:18.000 We have companies who have licensed these technologies.

00:53:18.000 --> 00:53:24.000 They're making their whole plan.

00:53:24.000 --> 00:53:26.000 I won't be making any announcement on behalf of the company.

00:53:26.000 --> 00:53:43.000 That's their own commitment to do that.

00:53:43.000 --> 00:53:47.000

But I know here in the U.S. we have very important companies who are looking at this very seriously and making plans for the next two, three years to at least start deploying house level solution into the market.

00:53:47.000 --> 00:54:03.000

>> Rachel: So working on energy, working on cost, cost being the biggest issue.

### 00:54:03.000 --> 00:54:28.000

And then trying to figure out if I can summarize, right, and then trying to figure out where are the viable markets that could start being those early adopters of these technologies, maybe because they have a regulatory structure, maybe not.

### 00:54:28.000 --> 00:54:29.000

To be able to then start transforming this technology and again I just want to reiterate, we're using victorian solutions and the victorian era might not have seemed not that long ago 50 years ago but we still have a very Victorian model of sanitation that's 200 years old or something.

00:54:29.000 --> 00:54:33.000 >> Doulaye: 250 years old.

00:54:33.000 --> 00:54:45.000 >> Rachel: This is the new frontier, very exciting.

00:54:45.000 --> 00:54:49.000 We're at a stage, as I open, where it's time for audience questions or an observation.

00:54:49.000 --> 00:54:52.000 What I want to do you have index cards and pencils at your chairs.

00:54:52.000 --> 00:54:59.000 I'd love if you can take a minute.

00:54:59.000 --> 00:55:02.000 I want to ask Doulaye for final reflections, but think about what questions you have or comments.

00:55:02.000 --> 00:55:07.000 And just take a minute to write those down.

00:55:07.000 --> 00:55:12.000 That way we can collect them and that way we can also make sure that we hear all of your ideas. 00:55:12.000 --> 00:55:16.000 We also will have a Q&A period for live questions.

00:55:16.000 --> 00:55:19.000 And for the online audience, I have a question.

00:55:19.000 --> 00:55:23.000 Is there a chat function happening -- there is.

00:55:23.000 --> 00:55:24.000 We'll also be harvesting some questions from our online audience.

00:55:24.000 --> 00:55:26.000 But before we wind down.

00:55:26.000 --> 00:55:32.000 We have a few minutes left.

00:55:32.000 --> 00:55:47.000 As you're thinking, do you have any final reflections, Doulaye?

00:55:47.000 --> 00:55:53.000 >> Doulaye: Yes, I was reading the words there, and there's one which is listen to women's needs.

00:55:53.000 --> 00:55:55.000 And that's a topic we don't pay attention to very often, and if you listen to the first video --

00:55:55.000 --> 00:56:07.000 I'm going to go back to that --

00:56:07.000 --> 00:56:14.000 the reason it is focused on that young girl who was like similar age as my own daughter at home, is it has to be safe.

00:56:14.000 --> 00:56:34.000 And it doesn't matter whether the technology is cool, but it has to be safe and it has to be safe for young girls.

00:56:34.000 --> 00:56:50.000

It has to be safe for women and very often if you are part of a team which is only dominated by male designers, like 50% of society, and the other's not contributing, you do a lot of mistakes.

00:56:50.000 --> 00:56:51.000

Want to equal that feedback whether we're taking this very seriously and these are the key messages we're pushing to the partners.

00:56:51.000 --> 00:56:53.000 >> Rachel: Thank you.

00:56:53.000 --> 00:57:00.000 >> We've got some questions coming in.

00:57:00.000 --> 00:57:02.000 I think we'll maybe pass the cards up to you, Rachel and Doulaye.

00:57:02.000 --> 00:57:18.000 But while we're collecting them we have one question.

00:57:18.000 --> 00:57:34.000 What if any work is being done to educate local community about safe, unsafe sanitation and reducing risks where possible?

00:57:34.000 --> 00:57:43.000 Just any work being done to educate around advocacy or thinking about the local community, where are we educating our communities around safe and unsafe sanitation.

00:57:43.000 --> 00:57:49.000 >> Doulaye: I take this for a program that we -- right now we're not running any program in the U.S. Won't be able to talk about what is happening.

00:57:49.000 --> 00:57:53.000 I know what the partners and a lot of government agencies are doing.

00:57:53.000 --> 00:57:55.000 We have splash here doing similar work in many countries.

00:57:55.000 --> 00:58:03.000 We have King County.

00:58:03.000 --> 00:58:05.000 I receive a lot of flyers from you guys how to behave and so we have that.

00:58:05.000 --> 00:58:12.000 So we're well served by these partners.

00:58:12.000 --> 00:58:23.000

But when it comes to the Gates Foundation, because we show this South Africa video, I'm going to go back to that.

00:58:23.000 --> 00:58:30.000

We have done similar work in many other countries where the education outreach piece is really embedded in government programs.

00:58:30.000 --> 00:58:51.000

It's not the Gates Foundation who is going to raise awareness and educate communities.

00:58:51.000 --> 00:58:57.000

You have in most of these countries a lot of resources available within government, within the civil society, who are deeply embedded in rolling out programs and supporting program advocacy to raise awareness and really educate communities on best use and best practices of that.

00:58:57.000 --> 00:59:19.000 So it's been a very strong engagement of our program.

00:59:19.000 --> 00:59:25.000

We are at the state where we feel very, very proud of foundational contribution in this area and we are outsourcing those work going forward to those partners who have now, they have other resources, other than myself and the voice and the power to continue doing this.

00:59:25.000 --> 00:59:32.000 >> I would just add, I live in Jefferson county, so I live in port Townsend.

00:59:32.000 --> 00:59:40.000 And there are a lot more maybe diverse sanitation systems out there than in King County.

00:59:40.000 --> 00:59:45.000 I think that part of it is being aware of where your poop goes and talking and go take a tour actually.

00:59:45.000 --> 00:59:48.000 Go take a tour of Bright Water.

00:59:48.000 --> 00:59:49.000 Totally shout-out to King County.

00:59:49.000 --> 01:00:01.000 Go take a tour and learn. 01:00:01.000 --> 01:00:03.000

If you have kids, ask your kids' schools to take a tour to learn where these things go because they can become advocates for alternative approaches and isn't it cool that there are biosolids.

01:00:03.000 --> 01:00:08.000 You go to the garden store, let's buy that.

01:00:08.000 --> 01:00:10.000 These are the sorts of ways that we change that culture.

01:00:10.000 --> 01:00:13.000 So these are really good questions.

01:00:13.000 --> 01:00:14.000 I'm really excited by this.

01:00:14.000 --> 01:00:18.000 Okay.

01:00:18.000 --> 01:00:24.000 So first I'll start with maybe a technical one.

01:00:24.000 --> 01:00:27.000 So Doulaye how much water is lost with a flush with a closed-loop toilet?

01:00:27.000 --> 01:00:39.000 >> Doulaye: That's a very good one.

01:00:39.000 --> 01:00:41.000 This is one that I say inspired and like most -- when we say closed-loop that means there's no water coming out.

01:00:41.000 --> 01:00:46.000 There's water coming out.

01:00:46.000 --> 01:01:02.000 Every single time you use a totally, every time you use a toilet you have the same water going out.

01:01:02.000 --> 01:01:05.000 But it's clean water, because once your reserve, your tank is filled with flushing, every single time you produce new water that would go out. 01:01:05.000 --> 01:01:09.000 And it's excess water the system would produce.

01:01:09.000 --> 01:01:20.000 That's makeup water that keeps your reservoir completely full.

01:01:20.000 --> 01:01:24.000 If it needs one or two people pee to keep that reservoir full, if more people are using it, that's excess water going out.

01:01:24.000 --> 01:01:28.000 And it's clean.

01:01:28.000 --> 01:01:32.000 The community of people as well.

01:01:32.000 --> 01:01:39.000 >> Rachel: I'm trying to summarize and synthesize the questions as well.

01:01:39.000 --> 01:01:44.000 So there are a lot of questions here that ultimately could be categorized as business model kind of questions or operating model questions.

01:01:44.000 --> 01:01:46.000 So what do you do if you have a closed loop toilet and it breaks down, who fixes it?

01:01:46.000 --> 01:01:47.000 Hang on, there's a couple more.

01:01:47.000 --> 01:01:49.000 What is the cost?

01:01:49.000 --> 01:01:51.000 And how am I going to pay for it?

01:01:51.000 --> 01:02:03.000 Are you thinking about supplier credits?

01:02:03.000 --> 01:02:07.000

Or what are the different mechanisms and business models that accompany these because it could be such a different system, meaning a different model, than the public utility model.

01:02:07.000 --> 01:02:30.000

But maybe it could be a public utility, too.

# 01:02:30.000 --> 01:02:35.000

I think I can speak for -- my work at Resilient Water Accelerator hosted by global water aid, nonprofit working on water, these are questions we're working on, what are the business models, what are the functioning mechanisms, how can we connect these water sanitation and water reuse innovations with financing and climate finance.

01:02:35.000 --> 01:02:46.000

There were probably five or six questions I read that were all of that same vein.

# 01:02:46.000 --> 01:02:56.000

I'm just kind of curious, instead of going one by one, what do you think about -- what are your observations or thoughts about that and what the foundation is doing and then what others are doing in that space.

# 01:02:56.000 --> 01:03:00.000

>> Doulaye: I don't have a good answer for that, what's the business model, what's the service model and how much cost to service.

01:03:00.000 --> 01:03:02.000 Simply because this is like a growing field now.

01:03:02.000 --> 01:03:18.000 We have a lot of case studies.

# 01:03:18.000 --> 01:03:32.000

So here, for example, in the U.S., like most progressive cities like San Francisco would have regulations in place, pending in place to actually help buildings adopt new solutions.

# 01:03:32.000 --> 01:04:02.000

So with regulation and policy, you can do a lot of tariff regulation, and you can do a lot of tariff setting, and many cities or countries are not even at that level yet.

# 01:04:14.000 --> 01:04:20.000

That's like one area where investment, development, need to continue to get the right policy in place, to get the right regulatory framework in place, standard setting, product regulation, these are all services needed to make sure this is not just a technology landing in people's home, but it has to come as a packaged service and with a clear cost and a model that would allow those families, those communities or school, to actually pay back the service and the maintenance and all that.

01:04:20.000 --> 01:04:27.000

So I don't have a good answer for yes this is a model.

01:04:27.000 --> 01:04:39.000

When we start rolling out our scale, larger scale, a lot of this data would actually become very, very clear.

01:04:39.000 --> 01:04:41.000 So from our program, we want to be working with policies, regulatory to build that frameworkk.

01:04:41.000 --> 01:04:42.000 >> Rachel: Can I add to that?

01:04:42.000 --> 01:05:10.000 Love it.

# 01:05:10.000 --> 01:05:11.000

One of the things I want to encourage in this space that I get excited even on some of the frontiers of what's happening in this country, like -- this is not sanitation, but with lead removal right now, where there's a lot of federal money for lead removal, is shifting the ideas how do you protect the public good, public health, let's say, in this case but with different ideas for how you do that while engaging public and private entities.

01:05:11.000 --> 01:05:14.000 Because sometimes we have --

01:05:14.000 --> 01:05:30.000 there are a couple of questions what's the Victorian model.

# 01:05:30.000 --> 01:05:51.000

The Victorian model is centralized waste water treatment where you bring a all the pipes, you put a lot of pipes in and you move it -- you remove the waste from a neighborhood, put it into a centralized treatment plant and then you treat it and then you discharge it back into nature.

# 01:05:51.000 --> 01:06:10.000

And so all of these systems are decentralized and may be required distributed management and distributed regulated, but we also have to be thinking about where are the innovations in IT technology that could allow for better regulation or allow for more real time being able to get someone to your home if something is not working.

# 01:06:10.000 --> 01:06:23.000

Like, rethinking what is public, what is private and what are the roles of the different sectors I think is also at the frontier of how we use these technologies, because the systems that

we built to manage a centralized waste water treatment plant at a network system are not going to be fit for purpose for this frontier.

01:06:23.000 --> 01:06:28.000

And so as maybe to the general public, what I would say is keep an open mind for how things get done but also make sure that the quality and the public health standards are being met.

01:06:28.000 --> 01:06:31.000 Like, we can't compromise on that, but we maybe can compromise on other things.

01:06:31.000 --> 01:06:33.000 Yes, Deborah, are we finished?

01:06:33.000 --> 01:06:38.000 >> No, not yet.

01:06:38.000 --> 01:06:42.000 >> Are there more questions because these questions are so good.

01:06:42.000 --> 01:06:44.000 >> I want to take one from the online audience.

01:06:44.000 --> 01:06:48.000 Thanks for all the questions.

01:06:48.000 --> 01:06:50.000 We'll definitely take all of them and try to respond virtually post program.

01:06:50.000 --> 01:06:52.000 But we do have a question.

01:06:52.000 --> 01:06:54.000 There's a couple on line.

01:06:54.000 --> 01:06:55.000 We're not going to get to all of them.

01:06:55.000 --> 01:07:04.000 But thank you for this conversation.

01:07:04.000 --> 01:07:13.000 I'm from Kenya, in our village schools schools with toilets retention is high and performance very high. 01:07:13.000 --> 01:07:15.000

My question is there a program that supports communities where water is scarce, especially in very remoment places in the world.

01:07:15.000 --> 01:07:20.000 Thank you.

01:07:20.000 --> 01:07:26.000 >> Doulaye: Is the question asking if there's a program at the Gates Foundation?

01:07:26.000 --> 01:07:27.000 >> I think you could either say Gates Foundation or if you know of an example.

01:07:27.000 --> 01:07:30.000 >> Doulaye: Okay.

01:07:30.000 --> 01:07:32.000 >> Rachel: You want to tackle what's happening in Kenya?

01:07:32.000 --> 01:07:36.000 You can start -- we might have the same answer.

01:07:36.000 --> 01:07:45.000 Let's see -- what are you going to say, Doulaye.

01:07:45.000 --> 01:07:57.000 >> Doulaye: So because the question is on the rural, and our program is focused on urban.

01:07:57.000 --> 01:08:17.000

The reason we focused the program on urban because we really want to fix and to solve economic and market failure of sanitation systems.

01:08:17.000 --> 01:08:24.000 The reason one of the key reasons 4.5 billion people don't have safe sanitation systems today is because there's no model to pay for on site sanitation system, which is completely different than sewer.

01:08:24.000 --> 01:08:37.000 And utilities, governments have not figured out -- this was the previous conversation -- how you do that.

01:08:37.000 --> 01:08:40.000

So we want to fix that and now leave it to market and government to actually identify how the system can be deployed later in smaller communities, rural communities.

01:08:40.000 --> 01:08:43.000 You have to pick where you make a win.

01:08:43.000 --> 01:08:44.000 So the program we run in Kenya mainly in urban areas.

01:08:44.000 --> 01:08:47.000 We have partners.

01:08:47.000 --> 01:09:00.000 We're not the only one supporting them.

01:09:00.000 --> 01:09:01.000 I think I can say safely program like synergy that is serving today more than 54,000 people in Nairobi.

01:09:01.000 --> 01:09:24.000 These are very good example.

01:09:24.000 --> 01:09:27.000 Other places you have solutions being displayed here with Lixir and Luatt, who are really great technology to actually make sanitation systems much better than urban and in rural communities as well.

01:09:27.000 --> 01:09:29.000 >> Rachel: I want to add thank you for watching this from Kenya.

01:09:29.000 --> 01:09:41.000 I know that's very early in the morning.

01:09:41.000 --> 01:09:43.000 So thank you for joining us and for all the participants who are coming in late at night and early in the morning, we see you because we work crazy hours too, and we know.

01:09:43.000 --> 01:10:05.000 It's very much appreciated.

# 01:10:05.000 --> 01:10:26.000

The other thing I'd just say look into container-based sanitation, part as you say Doulaye is around population density to service the containers but container-based models may be something you should look into for rural and dryer places.

01:10:26.000 --> 01:10:29.000

>> Doulaye: The person who asked the question is looking for partners, I would say one of our partners is UNICEF for this type of intervention, what visions partners who work in this area, the habitat.

01:10:29.000 --> 01:10:34.000 Partners working in this area.

01:10:34.000 --> 01:10:48.000 So we, the Gates Foundation get in the area with a program we want to resolve.

01:10:48.000 --> 01:10:49.000 It doesn't mean that it's not important for us, but we also have a lot of partners covering those issues.

01:10:49.000 --> 01:10:50.000 >> Rachel: All right.

01:10:50.000 --> 01:10:51.000 Is that it?

01:10:51.000 --> 01:10:52.000 Are we at time?

01:10:52.000 --> 01:10:53.000 >> Time.

01:10:53.000 --> 01:10:54.000 >> Rachel: We're out of time.

01:10:54.000 --> 01:10:57.000 I know, fast.

01:10:57.000 --> 01:11:02.000 Here's what I'd like to propose.

01:11:02.000 --> 01:11:06.000 So Doulaye, are you going to stick around for a little bit longer?

01:11:06.000 --> 01:11:11.000 So Doulaye and I are going to be sticking around.

01:11:11.000 --> 01:11:21.000

I don't know if they're still here, but a few of the sanitation team members as well.

01:11:21.000 --> 01:11:28.000 So please wander through the exhibits and then find us, and if you have questions, just please approach us and ask and we're happy to chat with you.

01:11:28.000 --> 01:11:29.000 With that, yes -- what else?

01:11:29.000 --> 01:11:31.000 >> Thanks.

01:11:31.000 --> 01:11:35.000 So just a few closing remarks.

01:11:35.000 --> 01:11:36.000 And thank you both, Doulaye and Rachel.

01:11:36.000 --> 01:11:40.000 Let's do a round of applause here.

01:11:40.000 --> 01:11:44.000 [APPLAUSE]

01:11:44.000 --> 01:11:47.000 >> Incredible conversation, thank you for sharing all your personal stories and experiences with us.

01:11:47.000 --> 01:11:49.000 We're so excited that the exhibit's up.

01:11:49.000 --> 01:11:54.000 And just a quick question.

01:11:54.000 --> 01:11:55.000 How many people have never been to the Discovery Center before that have been in the room here?

01:11:55.000 --> 01:11:56.000 Okay.

01:11:56.000 --> 01:11:57.000 So a few. 01:11:57.000 --> 01:11:58.000 A lot of people have been here.

01:11:58.000 --> 01:12:16.000 Great.

### 01:12:16.000 --> 01:12:25.000

Make sure you share about the exhibit with your -- I'm standing too close to the speaker. I also want to just mention we have an upcoming program focused on fermented foods because the foundation one of our grand challenges is fermented foods.

#### 01:12:25.000 --> 01:12:32.000

One of our staff will be speaking with a person from Seattle Washington June 4th you'll get an opportunity to taste a lot of incredible local foods.

01:12:32.000 --> 01:12:41.000

And the last thing, I just want to share, we love to get feedback from you tonight so we can continue doing programs like this.

01:12:41.000 --> 01:12:42.000 So we have a link that we'll show but we also have a written one you can do by hand, and make sure you come and visit our partners.

01:12:42.000 --> 01:12:51.000 We have at least half an hour more.

01:12:51.000 --> 01:12:56.000 There's food and drinks up in the exhibition, visit the exhibit, and yes, if you have any questions please let us know.

01:12:56.000 --> 01:13:21.000 Follow us at discovergates.